PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE ENROLLED ACT No. 530

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 5-3-1-0.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2006, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 0.4. As used in this chapter, "newspaper" refers to a newspaper:

- (1) that:
 - (A) is a daily, weekly, semiweekly, or triweekly newspaper of general circulation;
 - (B) has been published for at least three (3) consecutive years in the same city or town;
 - (C) has been entered, authorized, and accepted by the United States Postal Service for at least three (3) consecutive years as mailable matter of the periodicals class; and
 - (D) has at least fifty percent (50%) of all copies circulated paid for by subscribers or other purchasers at a rate that is not nominal; **and**
 - (E) has had an average circulation during the preceding year of at least two hundred (200), based on the average paid or requested circulation for the preceding twelve (12) months reported in the newspaper's United States Postal Service Statement of Ownership published by the



newspaper in October of each year; or

- (2) that:
 - (A) is a daily, weekly, semiweekly, or triweekly newspaper of general circulation;
 - (B) has been entered, authorized, and accepted by the United States Postal Service as mailable matter of the periodicals class;
 - (C) has at least fifty percent (50%) of all copies circulated paid for by subscribers or other purchasers at a rate that is not nominal; and
 - (D) meets the greater of the following conditions:
 - (i) The newspaper's paid circulation during the preceding year is equal to at least fifty percent (50%) of the paid circulation for the largest newspaper with a periodicals class permit located in the county in which the newspaper is published, based on the average paid or requested circulation for the preceding twelve (12) months reported in the newspaper's United States Postal Service Statement of Ownership published by the newspaper in October of each year or based on the newspaper's initial application for a permit from the United States Postal Service.
 - (ii) The newspaper has an average daily paid circulation of one thousand five hundred (1,500) based on the average paid or requested circulation for the preceding twelve (12) months reported in the newspaper's United States Postal Service Statement of Ownership published by the newspaper in October of each year or based on the newspaper's initial application for a permit from the United States Postal Service.

SECTION 2. IC 5-3-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.183-2014, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) This section applies only when notice of an event is required to be given by publication in accordance with this chapter.

- (b) If the event is a public hearing or meeting concerning any matter not specifically mentioned in subsection (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$ (h), or (i), notice shall be published one (1) time, at least ten (10) days before the date of the hearing or meeting.
- (c) If the event is an election, notice shall be published one (1) time, at least ten (10) days before the date of the election.
- (d) If the event is a sale of bonds, notes, or warrants, notice shall be published two (2) times, at least one (1) week apart, with:



- (1) the first publication made at least fifteen (15) days before the date of the sale; and
- (2) the second publication made at least three (3) days before the date of the sale.
- (e) If the event is the receiving of bids, notice shall be published two (2) times, at least one (1) week apart, with the second publication made at least seven (7) days before the date the bids will be received.
- (f) If the event is the establishment of a cumulative or sinking fund, notice of the proposal and of the public hearing that is required to be held by the political subdivision shall be published two (2) times, at least one (1) week apart, with the second publication made at least three (3) days before the date of the hearing.
- (g) If the event is the submission of a proposal adopted by a political subdivision for a cumulative or sinking fund for the approval of the department of local government finance, the notice of the submission shall be published one (1) time. The political subdivision shall publish the notice when directed to do so by the department of local government finance.
- (h) If the event is the required publication of an ordinance, notice of the passage of the ordinance shall be published one (1) time within thirty (30) days after the passage of the ordinance.
- (i) If the event is one about which notice is required to be published after the event, notice shall be published one (1) time within thirty (30) days after the date of the event.
- (j) If the event is anything else, notice shall be published two (2) times, at least one (1) week apart, with the second publication made at least three (3) days before the event.
- (k) (j) If any officer charged with the duty of publishing any notice required by law is unable to procure advertisement:
 - (1) at the price fixed by law;
 - (2) because the newspaper refuses to publish the advertisement; or
 - (3) because the newspaper refuses to post the advertisement on the newspaper's Internet web site (if required under section 1.5 of this chapter);

it is sufficient for the officer to post printed notices in three (3) prominent places in the political subdivision, instead of publication of the notice in newspapers and on an Internet web site (if required under section 1.5 of this chapter).

(l) If a notice of budget estimates for a political subdivision is published as required in IC 6-1.1-17-3, and the published notice contains an error due to the fault of a newspaper, the notice as



presented for publication is a valid notice under this chapter. This subsection expires January 1, 2015.

(m) Notwithstanding subsection (j), if a notice of budget estimates for a political subdivision is published as required in IC 6-1.1-17-3, and if the notice is not published at least ten (10) days before the date fixed for the public hearing on the budget estimate due to the fault of a newspaper, the notice is a valid notice under this chapter if it is published one (1) time at least three (3) days before the hearing. This subsection expires January 1, 2015.

SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-33.5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2012, SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 6. (a) With respect to any township or county for any year, the department of local government finance may initiate a review to determine whether to order a special reassessment under this chapter. The review may apply to real property or personal property, or both.

- (b) If the department of local government finance determines under subsection (a) to initiate a review with respect to the real property subject to reassessment under IC 6-1.1-4-4 within a township or county, or a portion of the real property within a township or county, the division of data analysis of the department shall determine for the real property under consideration and for the township or county the variance between:
 - (1) the total assessed valuation of the real property within the township or county; and
 - (2) the total assessed valuation that would result if the real property within the township or county were valued in the manner provided by law.
- (c) If the department of local government finance determines under subsection (a) to initiate a review with respect to the real property within a particular cycle under a county's reassessment plan prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2 or a part of the real property within a cycle, the division of data analysis of the department shall determine for the real property under consideration and for all groups of parcels within a particular cycle the variance between:
 - (1) the total assessed valuation of the real property within all groups of parcels within a particular cycle; and
 - (2) the total assessed valuation that would result if the real property within all groups of parcels within a particular cycle were valued in the manner provided by law.
- (d) If the department of local government finance determines under subsection (a) to initiate a review with respect to personal property



within a township or county, or a part of the personal property within a township or county, the division of data analysis of the department shall determine for the personal property under consideration and for the township or county the variance between:

- (1) the total assessed valuation of the personal property within the township or county; and
- (2) the total assessed valuation that would result if the personal property within the township or county were valued in the manner provided by law.
- (e) The determination of the department of local government finance under section 2 or 3 of this chapter must be based on a statistically valid assessment ratio study.
- (f) If a determination of the department of local government finance to order a special reassessment under this chapter is based on a coefficient of dispersion study, the department shall publish the coefficient of dispersion study for the township or county in accordance with $\frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{$
 - (g) If:
 - (1) the variance determined under subsection (b), (c), or (d) exceeds twenty percent (20%); and
 - (2) the department of local government finance determines after holding hearings on the matter that a special reassessment should be conducted;

the department shall contract for a special reassessment to be conducted to correct the valuation of the property.

- (h) If the variance determined under subsection (b), (c), or (d) is twenty percent (20%) or less, the department of local government finance shall determine whether to correct the valuation of the property under:
 - (1) IC 6-1.1-4-9 and IC 6-1.1-4-10; or
 - (2) IC 6-1.1-14.
- (i) The department of local government finance shall give notice to a taxpayer, by individual notice or by publication at the discretion of the department, of a hearing concerning the department's intent to cause the assessment of the taxpayer's property to be adjusted under this section. The time fixed for the hearing must be at least ten (10) days after the day the notice is mailed or published. The department may conduct a single hearing under this section with respect to multiple properties. The notice must state:
 - (1) the time of the hearing;
 - (2) the location of the hearing; and
 - (3) that the purpose of the hearing is to hear taxpayers' comments



- and objections with respect to the department's intent to adjust the assessment of property under this chapter.
- (j) If the department of local government finance determines after the hearing that the assessment of property should be adjusted under this chapter, the department shall:
 - (1) cause the assessment of the property to be adjusted;
 - (2) mail a certified notice of its final determination to the county auditor of the county in which the property is located; and
 - (3) notify the taxpayer as required under IC 6-1.1-14.
- (k) A reassessment or adjustment may be made under this section only if the notice of the final determination is given to the taxpayer within the same period prescribed in IC 6-1.1-9-3 or IC 6-1.1-9-4.
- (l) If the department of local government finance contracts for a special reassessment of property under this chapter, the department shall forward the bill for services of the reassessment contractor to the county auditor, and the county shall pay the bill from the county reassessment fund.



President of the Senate	
President Pro Tempore	
Speaker of the House of Represen	ıtatives
Governor of the State of Indiana	
Date:	Time:

